

CONVENTIONALISTS TAKE EXCEPTION TO NACO PICTURES

Consul Perez Speaks Upon Taking of Pictures of the Occupation of Naco By the Troops Under General Calles.

The taking of Naco will be in motion pictures. It is understood they have been visualized for the Pathe Company's Weekly. The pictures were staged yesterday in Naco. The taking of the picture has aroused considerable resentment, on the part of the Maytorena adherents, located in Naco.

Consul Perez, in speaking of the matter, yesterday, was particularly emphatic about the matter.

"You appreciate," said the Conventionalist Consul, "That it is rather a hard matter to speak of, but under the circumstances I will give my opinion."

"Motion pictures are a force as they always appear like the rainbow, after the storm. They never show, as in this case, the real things as they happen. It is merely a question of money for the motion picture people and the acquiescence of the actors."

"But besides being a farce, I must tell you that should we take a town with upwards of three hundred men and had met the resistance of only twenty defenders we would be ashamed to make a show of it."

COMPANION IS NEAR FATAL ACCIDENT HERE

Miss Josie Russell, of Huachuca, Arrives to Visit Miss Henderson.

Miss Josie Russell, who lives about twenty-five miles from Fort Huachuca and who was with Miss Mamie Henderson, two weeks ago, when the latter was thrown from her horse and severely injured, arrived in Bisbee yesterday and will spend several days visiting at the home of Miss Henderson in Johnson Addition.

Miss Henderson's injuries have improved materially, in some respects, but their nature will require another operation today. The young woman's many friends in the District are hoping for her complete and speedy recovery.

BISBEE MAN LEAVES FOR CENTRAL AMERICA

Fred Reed Goes to British Honduras to Take Charge of Work for Gold Company.

Leaving for British Honduras, Central America, where he will have charge of the mine work for the San Miguel Gold Mining Company, Fred Reed, an old timer in the Cananea and Bisbee mines, will sail for his future headquarters on August 1 from New Orleans. Read left Bisbee last evening for the Louisiana port.

Reed has been in Bisbee and the southwest for many years. During the past seven months he has been located in Leeds City, South Dakota, and left that location in order to take the offer in British Honduras.

PHENOMENAL ATHLETIC FEATS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—With a half mile favoring the runners, two world's records were shattered, and two equaled in the finals of the Far Western Championships which were decided on the Panama-Pacific Exposition stadium. According to the rules, however, none of the records will be allowed. R. McBride of the Rocky Mountain Association made the 220 yard dash in the phenomenal time of 21.4 seconds, a fifth of a second better than the existing world's mark. A. F. Muenster, of the Olympic Club, bettered the record in the 440-yard hurdles which he negotiated in 54.5 seconds. Fred Kelly of the Los Angeles Athletic Club equaled his own record of fifteen seconds flat in the 120-yard hurdles. F. Murray of the San Francisco Olympic Club equaled his mark in the 220-yard low hurdles in 23.5 seconds. The records will not be allowed as the rules call for still weather.

10¢

TURKISH TROPHIES

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SCIENTIFIC WAR IS SOON TO START ON PRAIRIE DOG PEST

It Will Be Carried on in the Interests of Arizona and New Mexico Stockmen Who Lose Heavily.

ALBUQUERQUE, July 31.—Five prairie dogs destroy enough grass to support a sheep; twenty-five prairie dogs enough to support a cow. Think of twenty-five million prairie dogs, and figure out for yourself why these little rodents are no joke to the stockmen of Arizona and New Mexico and why the United States Government is hard after their little brown scalps.

Scientific prairie dog-hunting is the chosen calling of J. G. Crick of the U. S. Biological Survey, who has recently been in Albuquerque recruiting a crew of able bodied young men to begin war on the multitudes of prairie dogs which are injuring about 25,000 acres of range on the Maricopa National Forest. Mr. Crick is working in co-operation with Supervisor J. F. Mullen of the Forest Service, and before snow flies he hopes to make room for more cattle and less prairie dogs in this particular part of the Forest Wingate country. Similar crews are already at work on the Guadalupe division of the Alamo National Forest, in Southern New Mexico, and on the Sitgreaves National Forest in Eastern Arizona.

Mr. Crick's work is applied biological science in the concrete. Accurate knowledge of just when, what, and how a prairie dog will eat, and just how much and what kind of poison it takes to kill him, is all taken advantage of. A crew of five men go over the dog-towns on saddle horses, carefully placing one tablespoonful of poison at each inhabited dog-hole, and working from a supply wagon which carries a special mixing tank for preparing the poisoned grain. Every dog town is worked over three times, at intervals of several months. The first work is with strychnine wheat or oats, and generally gets 25 per cent of the dogs. The second work is with the same material and generally gets most of the survivors. The third work is with deadly carbonyl bisulphide gas and generally gets all the rest. It is quite necessary to get them all, so that the work once done is done for good, or at least until the dogs have had time to move in from surrounding regions. The cost of the work per acre is carefully correlated with the value of the results, and is low enough to be paid for within a very few years by the increase in the carrying capacity of the range.

Scientific precautions are used to reduce to a minimum the loss of wild birds and game occasioned by scattering the poison. The quantity of poisoned grain placed at each hole is carefully limited to the quantity which on the average, the dogs will clean up. Where possible, the kind of grain is selected with a view to choosing those kinds which the most beneficial native birds will not eat. Of course it is impossible to avoid destroying some birds.

Mr. Crick emphasizes the fact that in the long run, artificial poisoning can only serve as an aid to nature. Nature's prairie dog killers are hawks and owls, and the public must learn to recognize this fact, and encourage their work by allowing them to increase. Beneficial hawks and owls cost nothing. Poisoning at best costs considerably. Beneficial hawks and owls work night and day, year in and year out; poisoning works only when there is an appropriation to carry it on. Beneficial hawks and owls cover the whole country; poisoning covers only restricted areas. But hawks and owls cannot keep down prairie dogs when every man or boy with a gun shoots them on sight at every possible occasion. There is only one hawk, the sharp-shin, and only one owl, the great-horned, which does more harm than good. Leave the rest of them alone including the so-called "chicken-hawk," who lives largely on mice, prairie dogs, gophers, and snakes and is the farmer's best friend, even though he does very occasionally pick up a chicken.

The Biological Survey at Washington or any Forest Officer will gladly furnish any person desiring to destroy prairie dogs with the proper formula for mixing the poison and directions for its use.

REVENUE BILL READY FOR COURT HEARING

PHOENIX, July 31.—Attorney George Stoneham has filed copies of his brief for the appropriation bill hearing with Judge R. C. Stanford and Attorney G. P. Ballard.

The hearing will begin Monday morning at 9:30 before Judge Stanford, and a decision is expected by Aug. 5. The hearing is for the purpose of deciding the legality of certain doubtful sections of the general appropriation bill.

Attorney Stoneham represents Jesse Boyce, to whom claims were assigned for the purpose of testing the bill. Ballard represents State Auditor J. C. Catagahan.

EASTLAND INVESTIGATION PROCEEDS.

CHICAGO, July 31.—With a week elapsed since the steamer Eastland sank at its wharf with 2,500 excursionists aboard, the investigation to determine the blame for the accident has slumbered down to the federal jury inquiry although the county grand jury has continued to hear testimony. Secretary Redfield, of the department of commerce, went ahead with the steamboat inspection examination as required by law. Federal Judge Landis forbade examination of other witnesses desired for the federal grand jury which had taken possession of the ship and all documentary evidence available. Secretary Redfield took notice of adverse criticism of his inquiry and in a speech before the hearing said he was profoundly pained by attacks made before he had time to deliver the case. He offered to make any sort of investigation anyone would suggest, provided charges were properly filed against anyone.

SCRANTON FIELDER PLAYS GREAT GAME



George Maisei.

The Cincinnati Nationals and the Detroit and New York teams of the American league are now bidding for the services of George Maisei, left fielder of the Scranton team, who is putting up a better article of baseball than any other fielder ever did in the New York State league. He is holding and hitting like a big leaguer.

COPPER BONUS PAID.
CALUMET, July 31.—The Wolverine and Mohawk Copper Mining companies in paying twelve hundred employees including an extra check for five per cent of their total wages for June as a bonus because of high prices of copper now selling. It came as a surprise to the men.

It is unofficially announced that the two companies will continue to pay the same bonus every month as long as copper remains at twenty cents a pound or better. It is said several mining companies will do the same.

MAY SUTTON WINS.

LONG BEACH, July 31.—Mrs. Thomas E. Bundy, (May Sutton), defeated Mary K. Browne, three years national women's doubles and singles tennis champion, in the finals of the Southern California championship tournament. It was Miss Browne's first defeat in three years. Mrs. Bundy also defeated her sister, Florence Sutton, in the challenge round.

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The Bargain Counter of the Southwest

The classified columns of the Bisbee Daily Review contain daily more real bargains for the thrifty investor than can be found in any other medium. Read this page every day and you will surely find what you are looking for.

Built like —"The Deacon's One-Hoss Shay"

THE best Pneumatic Tire is only as strong as its weakest part.

Strengthening its strongest parts is as useless as putting a fifth wheel on a wagon.

Yet this is often done to provide "selling-feature" and "talking point."

The weakest part of every Pneumatic Tire is its Walls or Sides, not its Tread, its Cotton Fabric or "Stocking," not its Rubber "Sole."

No price would be too high to pay for a material that, replacing Cotton in the Walls of Pneumatic Tires, would last as long as the Goodrich Rubber Tread could be made to wear.

Neither Silk, nor Linen, nor any other known fabric yet discovered is so good, for this purpose, as Cotton, and choice long-fibered Cotton is the best material that money can buy for Tire Fabric.

WE use nothing less in Goodrich Tires, and test every foot of it up to 350 lbs. to the Square Inch, before we percolate it with the most adhesive Rubber Compound ever made for this purpose.

We then shape this rubberized Fabric into Tires, with scrupulous care to have the tension on each square inch of fabric precisely the same, that tension being controlled by a machine as sensitive as the eye, and infinitely more precise than the handwork of the most skilled Operative could make it.

To do this work we have the most highly-trained men in the Rubber Industry, trained in the Precision that practice and our 45-year EXPERIENCE make perfect.

NO Tire Manufacturer, if he received a price of \$200 per Tire, could put better Fabric into the Walls of his Tires, use greater care, more sensitively adjusted Tension devices, or more adhesive Rubber between each layer of fabric.

Because we know the vital importance of THE BEST in this part of the Tire, and use it there unsparingly.

Only 5% Plus for this Best Non-Skid Tire

Note following comparative prices. "A," "B," "C" and "D" represent four widely-sold Non-Skid Tires:

	Goodrich Safety Tread	OTHER MAKE	"A"	"B"	"C"	"D"
30x3	\$9.45	\$10.95	\$11.35	\$18.10		
30x3 1/2	12.20	13.35	14.20	21.70		
32x3 1/2	16.50	15.40	16.30	24.85		
34x4	20.35	22.30	23.40	31.15		
36x4 1/2	28.70	32.15	33.50	41.85		
37x5	33.90	38.80	41.80	49.85		

GOODRICH FAIR-LISTED TIRES

We Sell Goodrich Tires BISBEE AUTO COMPANY Phone 5

BIG INSTRUMENT RECORDED IN COUNTY

(Continued From Page One)

yesterday and will remain for a few weeks making an examination of the various books and accounts of the county officials as is required by law. Johnson has examined the books in a number of counties since he was appointed the first of the year but this is his first visit to Cochise County, in an official capacity. Johnson was formerly a resident of Douglas and still claims that place as his legal residence.

BOOTLEGGERS HELD TO ANSWER

J. Parra, who was recently arrested by Sheriff Wheeler on a charge of selling intoxicating liquor to wit; mecal with orangeade, was given an examination before Judge Fowler this morning and was ordered held to the Superior court to answer for his own recognizance pending the hearing of the case in the Superior court.

J. Horton, the negro soldier, who was arrested at Lewis Springs yesterday charged with bringing liquor into the state, was also given his preliminary examination before Judge Fowler this morning and was held to answer in the sum of \$500. He was

not represented by counsel and waived examination.

BREAKS UP BOOZE.

Parties coming over from the vicinity of Ft. Huachuca state that there is but little intoxicating liquor now reaching parties on the reservation. Col. Brown who is in charge of the post and who has recently returned from a furlough has taken hold of the booze question and has, during the past few weeks, destroyed a number of shipments that were consigned to parties there. He receives word when any shipment arrives and then awaits the payment of the express charges by the consignee, when he takes possession of it and has his patrol destroy the same in his presence. "The supply of liquor on the reservation now is comparatively small now to what it was a few months since and what gets onto the reservation now has to be smuggled in and if any is found in the possession of the soldiers it is destroyed at once."

HABEAS CORPUS DENIED.

O. Gibson, in behalf of Rafael Chavez, has filed an application for a writ of habeas corpus alleging that he is being illegally held by Constable Lyle Gibson, of Gleeson. Chavez was charged with disturbing the peace by making loud and raucous and inciting speeches during a performance

that was given at Gleeson. He entered a plea of guilty, according to the history of the case in order to take a sentence of 90 days rather than to get a year as he claims he was told he would get.

The language complained of was recited as a monologue and a literal translation of the same is as follows, as is recited in the application for the writ:

"If peace is not made in Mexico, Though the hours seem long ago, We will make peace in less than twenty-four hours. For it is an obligation. Being a neighbor nation, If they do not make peace We will put it in our cannon. They took Vera Cruz, By order of the President, To make for them peace, And teach them to be gentle. The service was loyalty. By Admiral Fletcher, To give them protection Just for humanity."

But the Admiral Fletcher, (He it was who asked for the city) So, as they had triumph, They had a supper of bananas And pumpkin with milk.

The petition recites that the commitment is illegal, in that it commits him to the constable of the Gleeson

But, notwithstanding all this,—the FABRIC is the part of the Tire which goes first.

Because the sides of the Tire do most of the work in running,—bending and stretching a million times an hour, in scores of different directions.

This bending of the sides causes Friction between the layers of Canvas working against each other.—Friction causes Heat—the Heat over-cures and dries out the Rubber Adhesive between layers, which then separate from each other, in spots, the threads weakening or wearing out chafing against each other.

Then you have, in due time, the incipient blow-out, or other form of Tire-Death.

PUT more layers of Fabric than we do in the walls, to strengthen them, and the friction increases, with faster deterioration of the Rubber through the greater heat engendered.

Put fewer layers, and the walls would not be strong enough to carry the load of the Car.

So there you are—Mr. Tire User!

Why put MORE layers of Fabric in the Walls of the Tire than will properly carry the load, when each additional layer is an additional developer of that FRICION-HEAT which is to Tires what Old Age is to Man?

THAT is the reason we build, in the Goodrich Tire, a carefully BALANCED Tire, emulating the famous example of "The Deacon's One-Hoss Shay" in which "the Sills were just as strong as the Thills and the Thills as strong as the floor."

The Maximum Fabric efficiency and THEN,—the rest of the Tire built up to that.

Result.—The most RESILIENT Tire that can be made with Fabric Walls,—at the fairest price per Mile of performance.

Why pay more for any Tire?

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FAIR-LISTED TIRES

precinct when the statutes require that he be committed to the sheriff. The matter was heard before Judge Lockwood and the application denied.

DEADLY HEAT WAVE
NEW YORK, July 31.—Three deaths and twenty-one prostrations resulted from the heat wave which sent the temperature to ninety-two.

CANTELOUPE DISTRIBUTION
SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The Department of Agriculture has assigned Commissioner Schlemmer to Brawley, Imperial Valley, to direct the federal distribution of canteloupes throughout the country.

NOTICE SALE OF BANK ASSETS

The remaining assets of the First National Bank of Bisbee, Arizona, will be offered for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder, cash, at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday, August 16th, 1915, at the United States Postoffice in Bisbee, Arizona. The items will be first offered separately and then as a whole, and sold to the highest and best bidder. List of assets furnished on application.
C. A. KORBLY, Receiver,
1422 F Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.